

QUIZ 18 SOLUTIONS: LESSON 22

MARCH 18, 2019

Write legibly, clearly indicate the question you are answering, and put a box or circle around your final answer. If you do not clearly indicate the question numbers, I will take off points. Write as much work as you need to demonstrate to me that you understand the concepts involved. If you have any questions, raise your hand and I will come over to you.

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \frac{dy}{dt}$$

1. [5 pts] Use the chain rule to find $\frac{dz}{dt}$ when $t = 1$:

$$z = \frac{6x}{y}, \quad x = 6e^{t-1}, \quad y = 3t^2$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{6x}{y} \right) = \frac{6}{y} \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} (x) \right] = \frac{6}{y}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{6x}{y} \right) = 6x \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{1}{y} \right) \right] = 6x \left[-\frac{1}{y^2} \right] = -\frac{6x}{y^2}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} (6e^{t-1}) = 6e^{t-1}, \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} (3t^2) = 6t$$

When $t=1$, $x(1) = 6e^{1-1} = 6e^0 = 6$
 $y(1) = 3(1)^2 = 3$

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{6}{y} [6e^{t-1}] + \left(-\frac{6x}{y^2} \right) [6t]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dz}{dt}(t=1) &= \frac{6}{3} \left[\underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ 0}}{6e^{1-1}} \right] - \frac{6(6)}{(3)^2} [6(1)] \\ &= \frac{36}{3} - \frac{216}{9} = 12 - 24 = \boxed{-12} \end{aligned}$$

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2. [5 pts] Consider a right circular cylinder ($\text{Vol} = \pi r^2 h$). Suppose
- the radius is increasing at a rate of 6 inches per minute and
 - the height is decreasing at a rate of 13 inches per minute.

Find rate of change of the **volume** when

- the radius is 16 inches and
- the height is 31 inches.

Round your answer to 3 decimal places.

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{\partial V}{\partial r} \frac{dr}{dt} + \frac{\partial V}{\partial h} \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial r} = \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (\pi r^2 h) = 2\pi r h, \quad \frac{\partial V}{\partial h} = \frac{\partial}{\partial h} (\pi r^2 h) = \pi r^2$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = +6, \quad \frac{dh}{dt} = -13$$

$$r = 16, \quad h = 31$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dV}{dt} &= [2\pi r h](6) + [\pi r^2](-13) \\ &= [2\pi(16)(31)](6) + [\pi(16)^2](-13) \\ &= 2624\pi \\ &\approx \boxed{8243.539} \end{aligned}$$